Begin March 27, 1961

A22
AMS BUDGET (400)
NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR
BY TOM OCHILTREE 30.24

GENEVA, MARCH 27 (AP)-DAVID ORMSBY-GORE OF BRITAIN SOUGHT TONIGHT TO ELICIT A POSITIVE SOVIET RESPONSE TO WESTERN PLANS FOR CONCLUDING A TREATY BANNING NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS.

THE MINISTER OF STATE DINED AS THE GUEST OF SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN. THEIR CONVERSATION WAS CONFIDENTIAL AND A WEEK MAY ELAPSE BEFORE THERE ARE ANY INDICATIONS AS TO WHETHER IT BORE FRUIT.

THIS RUSSIAN-BRITISH CHAT CAME AT A TIME WHEN THREE-POWER NUCLEAR NEGOTIATIONS THREATENED TO BOG DOWN COMPLETELY UNLESS THE SOVIET UNION SHOWED SOME GIVE ON THE CONTROL ISSUE.

EARLIER, AT A 50-MINUTE SESSION OF THE CONFERENCE PROPER, U.S. DELEGATE ARTHUR H. DEAN CAREFULLY DEFINED THE MINIMUM AMOUNT OF POLICING ARRANGEMENTS THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH GOVERNMENTS ARE PREPARED TO ACCEPT IN TEST BAN TREATY.

THE TWO WESTERN POWERS CUT BACK SOME OF THEIR DEMANDS IN A COMPROMISE PROGRAM SUBMITTED A WEEK AGO. DEAN MADE IT CLEAR THERE IS GOING TO BE NO RETREAT ON THE BASIC CONCEPTION OF A FOOL-PROOF, INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION SYSTEM CAPABLE OF PREVENTING CHEATING ON A NUCLEAR TEST BAN.

DEAN WAS NOT AT TONIGHT'S DINNER. HE AND TSARAPKIN HAVE ARRANGED PRIVATE SOCIAL CONTACTS FOR SUBSEQUENT DAYS.

THUS FAR THE SOVIET UNION HAS REBUFFED THE WESTERN PROGRAM. TSARAPKIN HAS BEEN CAREFUL, HOWEVER, NOT TO SPEAK A FINAL, UNQUALIFIED NO INSIDE THE CONFERENCE ROOM, ONLY TO REPORTERS OUTSIDE.

THESE NEGOTIATIONS HAVE STRUCK MANY SNAGS IN THEIR 2 1/2 YEARS OF LIFE. ULTIMATELY, ONE SIDE OR THE OTHER HAS ALWAYS MADE SOME MOVE AT A TIME OF CRISIS WHICH KEPT THE TALKS GOING.

CLEARLY, DIPLOMATS SAY, IT IS THE SOVIET UNION'S TURN TO MAKE SUCH AN EFFORT THIS TIME.

THE THREE POWERS INTEND TO HALT THURSDAY FOR AN EASTER RECESS OF THREE OR FOUR DAYS. AFTER LISTENING TO DEAN TODAY, TSARAPKIN TOLD REPORTERS OUTSIDE THE CONFERENCE CHAMBER:

"I CERTAINLY WILL NOT REPLY BEFORE EASTER. I EXPECT MR. DEAN WILL HAVE FINISHED HIS EXPLANATIONS BY THURSDAY. THEN I WILL NEED SOME TIME TO STUDY THE WESTERN PROGRAM CAREFULLY AND THINK OVER MY POSITION."

DEAN WENT INTO GREAT DETAIL CONCERNING THE WESTERN CONCEPT OF INSPECTION AND CONTROL. THE POINTS HE RAISED HAD BEEN PRESENTED BEFORE BY THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN.

BUT THIS TIME HE KNIT THEM TOGETHER, SHOWING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SUCH PROBLEMS AS THE LOCATION OF CONTROL STATIONS, THE CERTIFICATION OF SUSPICIOUS DISTURBANCES AND THE OPERATIONS OF CENTRAL HEADQUARTERS AND THE ROVING INSPECTION TEAMS. THE AMERICAN DELEGATE LAID STRESS ON TWO POINTS IN PARTICULAR.

FIRST, THE INSPECTION TEAMS CHECKING UNIDENTIFIED DISTURBANCES SHOULD NOT BE CONTROLLED BY CITIZENS OF THE COUNTRY BEING INSPECTED, AS THE RUSSIANS HAVE SUGGESTED.

AND SECOND, THERE MUST BE NO VETO TO HAMSTRING THE CONTROL MACHINERY SUCH AS THE RUSSIANS HAVE SUGGESTED BY PROPOSING A THREE-MAN ADMINISTRATIVE BOARD RATHER THAN ONE NEUTRAL ADMINISTRATOR.

1961

ML418PES

A13
AMS BUDGET (300)
NIGHT LEAD GERMAN NAVY
BY ARTHUR GAVSHON 30.24

LONDON, MARCH 27 (AP)-WEST GERMANY'S ALLIES HAVE BLOCKED FOR THE MOMENT BONN'S REQUEST TO BUILD LARGER WARSHIPS NEEDED IN THE MISSILE AGE, DIPLOMATS SAID TONIGHT.

DESPITE SUPPORT FROM GEN. LAURIS NORSTAD, THE SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER IN EUROPE, THE WESTERN EUROPEAN UNION (WEU) COUNCIL IN LONDON UNEXPECTEDLY HELD UP APPROVAL UNTIL BONN SUBMITS MORE DATA.

THE WEU WANTS TO KNOW EXACTLY HOW MANY NEW DESTROYERS AND SUPPLY SHIPS WEST GERMANY WANTS TO BUILD AND THEIR SIZES. INFORMANTS EXPRESSED BELIEF WEST GERMANY'S REQUEST WILL BE APPROVED WHEN THE INFORMATION IS FURNISHED IN A WEEK OR SO.

BRITAIN, FRANCE, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS, LUXEMBOURG AND ITALY FORMED THE WEU IN 1954 TO GET WEST GERMANY INTO THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE. ONE COUNCIL TASK WAS TO SEE THAT THE GERMANS DID NOT EMBARK ON RUNAWAY ARMAMENT.

UNDER THE 1954 TREATY, THE WEST GERMANS WERE ALLOWED TO BUILD WARSHIPS UP TO 3,000 TONS AND SUBMARINES UP TO 350 TONS. ATOMIC, BACTERIOLOGICAL, CHEMICAL, AND OTHER WEAPONS WERE BARRED, INCLUDING BIG GUIDED ROCKETS, BOMBERS AND VARIOUS MAGNETIC AND RADAR CONTROLLED MINES.

THE WEST GERMANS TWO WEEKS AGO ASKED FOR PERMISSION TO BUILD EIGHT DESTROYERS UP TO 6,000 TONS ABLE TO CARRY DUAL-PURPOSE TACTICAL LAUNCHERS--THE SORT OF ANTIAIRCRAFT ROCKET THAT CAN CARRY NUCLEAR AS WELL AS CONVENTIONAL WARHEADS.

THEY ALSO WANTED TO BUILD AN UNSPECIFIED NUMBER OF PERMANENT AUXILIARY VESSELS ABOVE 6,000 TONS TO SERVE AS SUPPLY SHIPS AND TO MAKE MAGNETIC OR INFLUENCE MINES, THE KIND SET OFF BX UNDER WATER SOUND WAVES.

NORSTAD APPROVED THE GERMAN PROGRAM LAST SUMMER AND WROTE THE WEU COUNCIL THAT THE BIGGER SHIPS AND THE MINES ARE NEEDED TO ENABLE WEST GERMANY "PROPERLY TO FULFIL ITS ROLE IN THE BALTIC." UNDER NATO PLANNING THE GERMANS HAVE FIRST RESPONSIBILITY FOR INSURING THAT RUSSIA'S POWERFUL FLEET DOES NOT BREAK OUT OF THE BALTIC INTO THE ATLANTIC IN ANY WAR.

THE GERMANS ARGUE THAT NAVAL VESSELS BELOW 5,000 TONS ARE TOO LIGHT TO CARRY THE SORT OF MISSILE LAUNCHERS NEEDED TO STAND UP TO RUSSIA'S MODERN WEAPONS IN A SHOWDOWN.

IT REQUIRES A TWO-THIRDS VOTE OF WEU TO APPROVE THE LARGER GERMAN WARSHIPS. SOME OF THE SMALLER EUROPEAN NATIONS HAVE BEEN REPORTED RELUCTANT TO GRANT THE AUTHORITY, APPARENTLY BECAUSE MEMORIES OF WORLD WAR II STILL ARE TOO FRESH.

1961

ML317PES

B41 Q (350)
BY WILLIAM N. OATIS 30.24

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., MARCH 27 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES WERE REPORTED TODAY TO HAVE NARROWED THEIR DIFFERENCES OVER THE SIZE OF A COMMITTEE TO RESUME EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS.

THE REPORT CAME AS SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A.GROMYKO VISITED WASHINGTON TO CONFER WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY. U.S. OFFICIALS SAID THE DISARMAMENT FORUM WAS ONE THING GROMYKO INDICATED THE WANTED TO TALK ABOUT WHEN HE ASKED LAST FRIDAY TO SEE THE PRESIDENT.

THE PRESIDENT CALLED ADLAI E.STEVENSON, THE UNITED STATES' CHIEF U.N. DELEGATE, TO WASHINGTON TO BE ON HAND DURING HIS

CONFERENCE WITH GROMYKO.
COMMUNIST DIPLOMATS AT THE U.N. REPORTED THAT GROMYKO, AFTER HOLDING OUT FOR FIVE MORE NATIONS TO BE ADDED TO THE LAST 10-NATION DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATING COMMITTEE, HAD OFFERED IN TALKS WITH STEVENSON LAST WEEK TO SETTLE FOR ONLY THREE MORE--MEXICO, INDIA AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC, ALL CLASSIFIED AS NEUTRALS.
STEVENSON, WHO FIRST INSISTED THAT THE 10-NATION COMMITTEE SHOULD NOT BE ENLARGED, REPORTEDLY EXPRESSED WILLINGNESS TO ADD TWO MORE NATIONS--MEXICO AND INDIA.
INFORMANTS SAID THERE STILL WAS DISAGREEMENT OVER THE STATUS OF THE NEW MEMBERS, THAT THE SOVIET UNION WANTED THEM TO BE FULLY EMPOWERED NEGOTIATORS WHILE THE UNITED STATES WANTED THEM TO BE ONLY OBSERVERS. WESTERN INFORMANTS SAID THEY BELIEVED THE UNITED STATES WOULD EVENTUALLY GIVE IN ON THIS POINT.
THE COMMUNIST SOURCES DESCRIBED THE CHANGE IN SOVIET POSITION AS A BIG CONCESSION, SINCE THE SOVIET UNION HAD ARGUED PREVIOUSLY THAT THE COMMITTEE SHOULD HAVE EQUAL REPRESENTATION FROM THE COMMUNIST, WESTERN AND NEUTRALIST BLOCS.
THE LAST DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE, WHICH THE SOVIETS WALKED OUT ON IN JUNE, CONSISTED OF BRITAIN, CANADA, FRANCE, ITALY AND THE UNITED STATES ON ONE SIDE AND BULGARIA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, POLAND, ROMANIA AND THE SOVIET UNION ON THE OTHER.
3 THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA ARE ALSO STILL AT ODDS OVER A DIRECTIVE TO GOVERN THE NEW DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS. ONE DIPLOMAT IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH THE STEVENSON-GROMYKO TALKS SAID HE DOUBTED THEY COULD RESOLVE THIS DISAGREEMENT.
STEVENSON AND GROMYKO HAVE AGREED THAT THE NEW NEGOTIATIONS SHOULD BEGIN IN GENEVA ON OR BEFORE AUG. 1, PROVIDED THEY CAN AGREE TOGETHER ON THE MAKEUP OF THE COMMITTEE AND THE NATURE OF THE DIRECTIVES THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY WOULD GIVE THE GROUP.

B103WX (Q)
SOVIET-AIR (250)
WASHINGTON, MARCH 27 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES HAS PROPOSED THE RESUMPTION OF TALKS AIMED AT SETTING UP DIRECT COMMERCIAL AIR FLIGHTS BETWEEN AMERICA AND RUSSIA.
THE UNITED STATES CALLED OFF THE NEGOTIATIONS LAST SUMMER BECAUSE OF BAD U. S.-SOVIET RELATIONS. THAT WAS AFTER THE RUSSIANS SHOT DOWN A U. S. RB47 RECONNAISSANCE BOMBER.
THE NEW PROPOSAL IS TO TAKE UP THE NEGOTIATIONS ANEW IN WASHINGTON WITHIN A MONTH.
JOSEPH W. REAP, STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER WHO MADE TODAY'S ANNOUNCEMENT, DECLINED TO LINK THE NEW U. S. PROPOSAL WITH EITHER THE CURRENT U. S. SOVIET ATMOSPHERE OR THE CRISIS IN LAOS.
U. S.-SOVIET NEGOTIATIONS ON A COMMERCIAL AIR ROUTE BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES ARE PROVIDED FOR UNDER A NOVEMBER 1959 CULTURAL EXCHANGE AGREEMENT.
REAP SAID THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION ON FEB. 21 PROPOSED RENEWAL OF THE NEGOTIATIONS WITHOUT SUGGESTING A TIME AND PLACE, AND FOLLOWED UP MARCH 24 BY PROPOSING THAT THE TALKS BEGIN AT WASHINGTON TOWARD THE END OF APRIL.
THE SOVIETS HAVE NOT YET REPLIED, REAP ADDED.
IN ADDITION, THE U. S. SPOKESMAN SAID, THE UNITED STATES HAS PROPOSED NEGOTIATING A CONSULAR CONVENTION WITH THE SOVIETS AND MOSCOW HAS INDICATED ITS WILLINGNESS TO CONSIDER THE MATTER.
CONSULAR CONVENTIONS BETWEEN COUNTRIES SET FORTH PROCEDURES UNDER WHICH CONSULS CAN CARRY ON THEIR DUTIES. A CONSUL IS AN OFFICIAL REPRESENTATIVE WHO HANDLES BUSINESS RATHER THAN DIPLOMATIC MATTERS FOR HIS GOVERNMENT.
ONE AIM OF THE UNITED STATES IN GETTING CONSULAR CONVENTION WITH RUSSIA WOULD BE TO AFFORD BETTER PROTECTION FOR AMERICANS IN THE SOVIET UNION. WASHINGTON HAS BEEN TRYING UNSUCCESSFULLY FOR YEARS TO GET SUCH AN AGREEMENT.
LT117PES

A73 150
HOLY LOCH, SCOTLAND, MARCH 27 (AP)-THREE YOUNG CANOEISTS DEMONSTRATING AGAINST NUCLEAR WEAPONS BADGERED THE U.S. NAVY'S POLARIS-FIRING ATOMIC SUBMARINE PATRICK HENRY TODAY. TWO OF THEM EVEN MANAGED TO CLIMB ABOARD.
DEMONSTRATORS TERRY CHANDLER AND GORDON COLLINS CRAWLED UP THE SLIPPERY SIDES OF THE PATRICK HENRY BUT HUSKY U.S. MARINES GRABBED THEM AND HAULED THEM ACROSS A GANG PLANK TO THE SUBMARINE TENDER PROTEUS.
THE THIRD DEMONSTRATOR, MIKE NOLLAN, PADDLED HIS CANOE TO THE TAIL FIN OF THE SUBMARINE AND LATCHED ONTO IT. THE FIN CANNOT BE REACHED FROM THE DECK OF THE SUBMARINE.
CAPT. N. G. WARD, COMMODORE OF THE SUBMARINE FLOTILLA AND CAPT. RICHARD LANING, COMMANDER OF THE PROTEUS, THEN DISPATCHED A CUTTER ASHORE WITH A REQUEST FOR THE ARGYLLSHIRE POLICE TO GO INTO ACTION.
POLICE, FERRIED OUT TO THE PROTEUS, TOOK CHANDLER AND COLLINS INTO CUSTODY, DRAGGED NOLLAN FROM HIS PERCH AND TOOK ALL THREE TO THE POLICE STATION IN DUNOON.
THERE OFFICIALS MULLED OVER WHETHER TO BOOK THE THREE FOR TRESPASS OR FOR DISTURBING THE PEACE.
THEY FINALLY DECIDED ON THE LATTER AND RELEASED THE TRIO FOR A HEARING LATER.
B1102AES

A14
MOSCOW, MARCH 27 (AP)-LEADERS OF EASTERN EUROPE'S COMMUNIST COUNTRIES ARRIVED IN MOSCOW TODAY FOR A WARSAW PACT MEETING EXPECTED TO DEAL WITH LAOS AND BERLIN AT THE TOP LEVEL.
TASS REPORTED THE CZECH, POLISH, EAST GERMAN AND BULGARIAN DELEGATIONS CAME TODAY. LAST NIGHT THE HUNGARIAN, ROMANIAN AND ALBANIAN DELEGATIONS ARRIVED. THE MEETING OPENS TOMORROW.
ALBANIA, WHICH REPORTEDLY HAS BEEN HAVING DIFFERENCES WITH THE KREMLIN, ASSIGNED A DEPUTY PREMIER, BEKIR BALUKIR, TO HEAD ITS DELEGATION.
OTHER NATIONS SENT THEIR TOP LEADERS. COMMUNIST CHINA, WHICH IS NOT A WARSAW PACT MEMBER, HAS ASSIGNED LIU HSIAO, ITS AMBASSADOR TO THE SOVIET UNION, TO ATTEND AS AN OBSERVER, TASS SAID.
ML332PES

A170WX
(350) SCOTUS-ROUNDUP
WASHINGTON, MARCH 27 (AP)-THE SUPREME COURT TODAY AGREED TO HEAR AN APPEAL BY ROBERT SHELTON, A NEW YORK NEWSPAPERMAN, FROM A CONVICTION OF CONTEMPT FOR REFUSING TO ANSWER SOME QUESTIONS AT A CONGRESSIONAL INVESTIGATION OF COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES.
THE COURT SIMPLY ISSUED AN ORDER THAT IT WILL HEAR THE APPEAL. A DATE FOR ARGUMENT WILL BE SET LATER.
THE COURT'S ACTION MAY HAVE SOME SPECIAL SIGNIFICANCE, HOWEVER, SINCE THERE HAD BEEN A WIDESPREAD ASSUMPTION THAT IT WAS DEFERRING ACTION ON SHELTON'S CASE AND A NUMBER OF OTHER CONTEMPT CONVICTIONS UNTIL IT RULED IN THE CASE OF BERNARD DEUTSCH.
THE DEUTSCH CASE WAS ARGUED LAST WEEK. HE IS A NUCLEAR SCIENTIST, NOW EMPLOYED IN PHILADELPHIA, WHO REFUSED IN 1954 TO ANSWER SOME QUESTIONS OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES.
DEUTSCH TOLD THE COMMITTEE HE HAD BEEN A COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBER WHILE ATTENDING CORNELL UNIVERSITY, BUT HE REFUSED TO NAME OTHERS ENGAGED IN PARTY ACTIVITIES.
A SPECULATIVE POSSIBILITY IS THAT THE COURT, IN CONSIDERING THE DEUTSCH CASE, DECIDED THERE WERE POINTS IN THE GENERAL FIELD OF CONGRESSIONAL AUTHORITY VS. RIGHTS OF CITIZENS THAT MIGHT BE CLARIFIED BY ALSO HEARING THE SHELTON CASE.
SHELTON, A COPY EDITOR ON THE NEW YORK TIMES, WAS SENTENCED TO SIX MONTHS IMPRISONMENT AND $550 FINE.
THE U.S. COURT OF APPEALS HERE UPHELD THE CONVICTION, AND ALSO UPHELD SIMILAR CONTEMPT CONVICTIONS OF ALDEN WHITMAN. A COPY READER

ON THE NEW YORK TIMES; WILLIAM A. PRICE, A FORMER REPORTER ON THE NEW YORK DAILY NEWS; HERMAN LIVERIGHT, FORMER PROGRAM DIRECTOR OF NEW ORLEANS TV STATION WDSU, AND NORTON ANTHONY RUSSELL, A YELLOW SPRINGS, OHIO, ENGINEER.

THESE OTHER INDIVIDUALS ALSO APPEALED TO THE SUPREME COURT. THE COURT ANNOUNCED NO ACTION AS TO THEIR APPEALS, BUT IT IS POSSIBLE THE SHELTON CASE MAY DEVELOP SOME CONTROLLING RULING AS TO ALL.

IN ANOTHER ACTION, THE COURT AGREED TO REVIEW A LOWER COURT DECISION THAT THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION HAS THE RIGHT TO SEE COPIES OF CONFIDENTIAL REPORTS PREPARED BY MANUFACTURERS FOR THE CENSUS BUREAU. THE CASE AROSE FROM AN FTC INVESTIGATION OF ST. REGIS PAPER CO.'S ACQUISITIONS OF OTHER FIRMS.

JK205PES

B6 (140)

30.24

LONDON, MARCH 27 (AP)-AN AMERICAN COUPLE WHO LIVED HERE AS MR. AND MRS. PETER KROGER WILL APPEAL FOR A REDUCTION OF PRISON SENTENCES OF 20 YEARS EACH IMPOSED FOR CONSPIRING TO SPY ON BRITISH NAVAL INSTALLATIONS FOR THE SOVIET UNION, THEIR ATTORNEYS ANNOUNCED TODAY.

AT THEIR TRIAL IN OLD BAILEY THEY WERE IDENTIFIED AS MORRIS COHEN AND HIS WIFE, LORNA OF NEW YORK. A RADIO CAPABLE OF SENDING MESSAGES TO A STATION NEAR MOSCOW WAS FOUND, TOGETHER WITH OTHER TRADITIONAL EQUIPMENT OF SPIES, IN THEIR HOME IN SUBURBAN RUISLIP.

CONVICTED WITH THE KROGERS WAS GORDON LONSDALE, BELIEVED TO BE A RUSSIAN, WHO WAS SENTENCED TO 25 YEARS, AND FREDERICK HOUGHTON AND ESTHER GEE, BRITISH, SENTENCED TO 15 YEARS EACH. THEY HAVE ALREADY APPEALED FOR A REMISSION OF SENTENCES.

1967

THE BRITISH ATTORNEY GENERAL CHARGED THAT GEE AND HOUGHTON, WHO WORKED FOR THE UNDER WATER WEAPONS ESTABLISHMENT AT PORTLAND, OBTAINED SECRET DATA WHICH THE KROGERS AND LONSDALE SENT OUT OF THE COUNTRY.

BH216PES

B85

30.24

NIGHT LEAD OLMSTEAD (120)

ELMIRA, N.Y., MARCH 27 (AP)-AIR FORCE CAPT. FREEMAN B. OLMSTEAD WAS GREATED BY 800 PEOPLE TONIGHT AT A RECEPTION MARKING HIS FIRST APPEARANCE IN HIS HOME TOWN SINCE HIS RELEASE FROM A RUSSIAN PRISON JAN. 26.

OLMSTEAD WAS ACCOMPANIED BY CAPT. JOHN R. MCKONE OF TOPEKA, KAN., THE ONLY OTHER KNOWN SURVIVOR OF THE SIX-MAN CREW ABOARD THE RB47 RECONNAISSANCE PLANE SHOT DOWN BY THE RUSSIANS LAST JULY OVER THE BARENTS SEA.

OLMSTEAD, SPEAKING BRIEFLY AT THE RECEPTION AT ELMIRA COLLEGE,

30.24- 431

THANKED HIS FELLOW TOWNSPEOPLE FOR THEIR CONCERN FOR HIMSELF AND MCKONE DURING THEIR IMPRISONMENT.

"WE WERE NOT THEN FULLY AWARE OF YOUR CONCERN BUT WE KNEW IN OUR HEARTS OF YOUR INTEREST IN US," HE SAID.

NEITHER FLIER DISCUSSED THE DOWNING OF THE PLANE OR THEIR RELEASE. THEY SPENT THE DAY WITH OLMSTEAD'S PARENTS, MR. AND MRS. J. BLAINE OLMSTEAD.

OLMSTEAD AND MCKONE WILL LEAVE FOR WASHINGTON TOMORROW BY PRIVATE PLANE.

MC1035PES